

Artwork Guidelines

> OUR PRODUCTION PROCESS IN RELATION TO YOUR ARTWORK

Depending on the product being made and the size of the production run, we have numerous different ways of producing your boxes and displays. This guide will introduce you to the most general rules around artworking for boxes and displays, however, due to the bespoke nature of our service, some minor alterations to your artwork may be required in order to produce your job to the highest possible standard.

PRINTING

We employ one of four printing processes to make our products; digital, lithographic, flexographic and screen printing. Each process has its own benefits in terms of quality, price and lead-time. We are happy to advise which is the most suitable process to meet your requirements, during the enquiry, quoting and ordering stage of the process.

CUTTING & CREASING

We use three methods to cut & crease. CNC Cutting is ideal for shorter runs and sampling as there are no one-off tooling costs, and are very accurate. Die cutting is ideal for medium - longer runs where a one-off tooling cost can be offset against the reduced production time required. For both these types of cutting your artwork needs to bleed over the cut and crease lines, to ensure your artwork runs to the edge of the cardboard or panel on the finished product. Our slot cutter has slightly different requirements and we will advise you of these during the ordering process.

> YOUR ARTWORK

I. FILE TYPES

We can accept most file types but our preferred file types are: .ai, .eps and .pdf. Due to the large file-sizes created, we would recommend against using Photoshop or similar photographic manipulation software to lay-up finished artwork unless absolutely neccessary.

Preferred File Types







Accepted File Types







Not Suitable







5. TEXT & LINE ART GRAPHICS

All text and line art graphics must be converted to vector outlines. In Adobe Illustrator, select text then on the main menu:

>Type >Create Outlines (Shift+Ctrl+O)

For digital and lithographic printing, we prefer vector text but can accept text and logos made up of high resolution bitmap graphics.

For screen and flexographic printing, all graphics including text must be submitted in vector format.

- 2. LAYERS Whenever possible, please save your artwork on a separate layer to the cutting net otherwise there is a possiblity we may not be able to remove it for printing. If you cannot do this then please send in two versions:
 - a. Showing the net and your artwork (for positioning purposes)
 - b. Showing your artwork but with the net deleted (our design team will position your artwork over the net for proofing)
- 3. COLOUR When creating your artwork, please ensure that the document's colourspace and all graphics are CMYK instead of RGB. Please only use Pantone colours for screen printing and flexo printing jobs.

Acceptable colourspace for digital and litho print



Cyan Magenta Key (Black) and flexo print jobs Pantone 104-8C Pantone 125-8C

Acceptable for screen

Not acceptable (this format is for computer monitors).

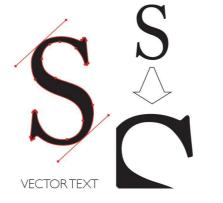


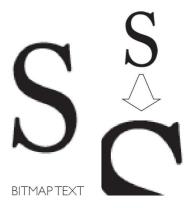
4. RESOLUTION All pixel graphics (ie photographic images) should be a minimum of 300ppi at finished print size. and embedded within the artwork If you're not sure about the resolution of your image, zoom in to 300% and if you can see pixels, its likely you will see them when the artwork is printed too.











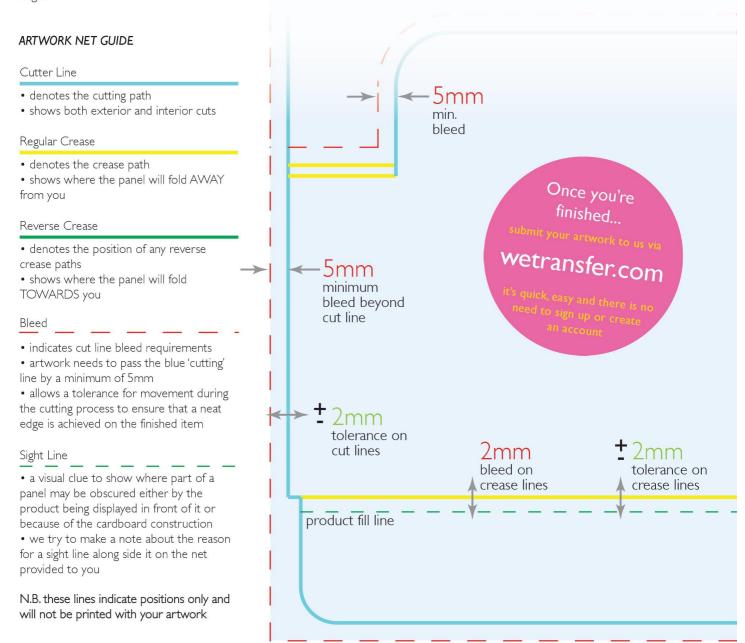
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6. BLEED

Bleed is a printing term that refers to printing that goes beyond the net before cutting or creasing. In other words, the bleed is the area to be trimmed off. Furthermore for packaging and displays, bleeding is required internally for each panel over crease lines. Artwork including background images and fills which are intended to extend to the edge of the panel must be extended beyond the cutter/crease line to give a bleed.

Failing to provide bleed in your artwork would result in finished pieces showing a thin area of white or brown unprinted board on the edge.



IMPORTANT!

Avoid finishing graphics directly on crease lines as the production process requires a small tolerance of +/-2mm - 5mm (process dependent). Finishing graphics less than 10mm from the crease lines may exagerate this discrepancy.

TIP: Choose the most important panels (usually top of a box lid, header, or front of a display to begin and bleed off to the sides and back panels from there).

FURTHER NOTES

Half-tones - please discuss requirements with us prior to designing your artwork

minimum x-Height (height of lowercase x in given font)

Digital: greater than 1.5mm or 2.0mm for reversing out Screen: greater than 1.0mm

Litho: the only consideration is readability at 100% scale Flexo: greater than 2.0mm

please note these figures are based on simple sans-serif fonts and need to be adjusted for fancy or decorative fonts